



PRACTICE SET
End Semester Examination, Spring- 2026

Program: BALLB

Semester: IV

Subject: Law of Crimes I (BNS)

Subject Code: 24F.210

Course Outcome:

Course Outcomes	Description
CO1	To provide students with a foundational understanding of criminal law in India including historical evolution, scope and applicability of BNS.
CO2	To develop a clear understanding of the concept and legal significance of general exceptions in criminal law, as codified under the BNS.
CO3	To examine the nature inchoate forms of crime like doctrines of criminal conspiracy, abetment, and attempt under BNS.
CO4	To understand the types and objectives of punishments under the Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita and their role in the criminal justice system.

UNIT I

Section A (10 marks)

1. Discuss the concept of *Mens rea* under criminal law. Explain the dictum “*actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea*”. (CO1) (Understand) (LOT)
2. Explain the meaning of extra-territorial jurisdiction under the Bhartiya Nyaya Sanhita (BNS), 2023. Can an offence committed outside India, be tried in India under BNS? (CO1) (Remember) (LOT)
3. Discuss the salient features of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. How does it aim to modernize criminal law in India? (CO1) (Understand) (LOT)
4. Illustrate the elements required to constitute a crime in BNS and explain each element in detail? (CO1) (Remember) (LOT)

5. Provide a comparative analysis of the Indian Penal Code and the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Highlight the key differences and reforms introduced in the new law. (CO1) (Understand) (LOT)
6. Explain the applicability, extent, and operation of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. How far does it extend, and to whom does it apply? (CO1) (Analyze) (HOT)
7. Examine the evolution of criminal law in India from pre-colonial to post-colonial period. How did traditional legal systems influence modern criminal jurisprudence? (CO1) (Evaluate) (HOT)
8. Critically analyze the doctrine of *Mens Rea under* criminal law. How has it been diluted in the case of strict liability offences?? (CO1) (Analyze) (HOT)

Section B (20 marks)

9. "Crime is revolt against the whole society and an attack on the civilization of the day". Elucidate and discuss the essential elements to crime. (CO1) (Apply) (HOT)
10. Critically examine the circumstances under which an offence committed outside India may be tried as if it were committed within India. Discuss the relevant legal provisions relating to extraterritorial jurisdiction under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, 2023 and analyze their scope, limitations, and practical challenges in enforcement." (CO1) (Evaluate) (HOT)
11. A' an Indian citizen, commits a murder in Uganda. Can he be tried and convicted of murder in any place in India? Decide and explain with the help of case laws. (CO1) (Analyze) (HOT)

UNIT II

Section A (10 marks)

12. Discuss the defence of mistake of Fact in criminal law. Distinguish between mistake of fact and mistake of law with suitable examples. (CO2) (Remember) (LOT)
13. Explain the protection granted for judicial and executive acts. Under what circumstances are such acts exempted from criminal liability? (CO2) (Understand) (LOT)
14. Discuss the general exceptions of accident and necessity. How does these defences justify acts that would otherwise be offences? (CO2) (Remember) (LOT)

15. Discuss the right of private defense under Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023.. When does it extend to causing death while defending the body? (CO2) (Remember) (LOT)
16. A, a surgeon, in good faith communicates to a patient his opinion that he cannot live. The patient dies in consequence of the shock. Is the surgeon liable for it?. (CO2) (Evaluate) (HOT)
17. Elucidate the Doctrine of Necessity under BNS with the help of various judicial precedents. (CO2) (Remember) (LOT)
18. The right of private defence extends under circumstances the causing of death”. Explain the above statement with illustrations. (CO2) (Apply) (HOT)
19. Explain the nature and scope of consent under general exception in BNS with the help of illustration. (CO2) (Analyze) (HOT)
20. Explain the concepts of infancy and insanity as defences in criminal law. Assess the legal tests applied to determine criminal responsibility? (CO2) (Evaluate) (HOT)

Section B (20 marks)

21. Discuss the Right of Private Defence of Property. Analyze can the death of an attacker be caused in the exercise of the Right of Private Defence of Property? How long such Right of Private Defence continues. (CO2) (Analyze) (HOT)
22. Critically examine the general exceptions to criminal liability mentioned under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023. Discuss the legal principles governing mistake, accident, necessity, insanity, intoxication, consent, and private defence, and evaluate their significance in ensuring justice and fairness in criminal law.” (CO2)(Analyze) (HOT)

UNIT III

Section A (10 marks)

23. Explain in detail joint and constructive liability under BNS with the help of various precedent ? (CO3) (Evaluate) (HOT)
24. ‘A’ instigates ‘B’ to murder ‘C’, B refuses. What offence, if any, is committed by ‘A’ and what punishment if any will be awarded to A and B? (CO3) (Apply) (HOT)
25. Discuss the case of Barendra Kumar Ghosh v Emperor AIR 1925 PC 1 and mention the punishment given to the accused (CO3) (Understand) (LOT)

26. Discuss the liability of persons for the acts done in furtherance of common intention of all the persons. (CO3) (Remember) (LOT)
27. A instigated B to murder C. B in pursuance of the instigation stabs C. C recovers from the wound. What is the liability of 'A'. (CO3) (Understand) (LOT)
28. Analyze the concept of abetment under BNS. Explain the different modes of abetment and the liability of an abettor. (CO3) (Analyze) (HOT)
29. Critically evaluate the different stages of the crime? What is the difference between preparation and attempting to commit a crime? (CO3) (Evaluate) (HOT)

Section B (20 marks)

30. "Whereas in criminal conspiracy an agreement between two or more persons is needed in abetment by conspiracy an engagement between them is enough". Examine this statement with and differentiate. (CO3) (Evaluate) (HOT)
31. Explain types of punishments to which offenders are liable under BNS with special reference to death sentence. (CO3) (Understand) (LOT)
32. P, Q and R had a common intention to rob S. While P and Q entered into the house of S and beat and robbed him, R stood outside to warn P and Q of any danger. On being prosecuted along with P and Q, R pleaded that neither did he commit the robbery nor cause injuries to S nor hence was not guilty. Advise. (CO3) (Analyze) (HOT)

UNIT IV

Section A (10 marks)

33. . Critically examine the concept of capital punishment. Discuss its constitutional validity and the "rarest of rare cases" doctrine in India. (CO4) (Remember) (LOT)
34. Explain the different theories of punishment (Deterrent, Retributive, Preventive, Reformatory). Which theory is most suitable in the present criminal justice system? Give reasons. (CO4) (Understand) (LOT)
35. Analyze the offences against the State? Discuss the nature and scope of such offences, including terrorist activities, under modern criminal law. (CO4) (Analyze) (HOT)
36. Critically evaluate the concept of offences against public tranquility. Discuss unlawful assembly, rioting, and affray with relevant provisions and examples. (CO1) (Evaluate) (HOT)
37. Analyze the reformatory theory of punishment. How does it differ from the retributive theory? Discuss its application in Indian criminal law. (CO4) (Analyze) (HOT)

38. Discuss offences affecting the sovereignty and integrity of the State. How is sedition treated under Indian law? (CO4) (Understand) (LOT)

Section B (20 marks)

39. Critically examine the concept and justification of capital punishment in India. Discuss its constitutional validity in light of the right to life under Article 21 of the Constitution of India, and analyze the evolution and application of the ‘rarest of rare cases’ doctrine with reference to leading judicial decisions such as Bachan Singh v. State of Punjab (1982)3SCC24 and Machhi Singh v. State of Punjab (1983 AIR 957) (CO4) (Evaluate) (HOT)

40. Explain the various types of punishments prescribed under the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023, 2023. Critically analyze the circumstances under which ‘community service’ may be awarded as a form of punishment. Evaluate its significance as a reformatory measure in comparison to traditional forms of punishment.” (CO4) (Analyze) (HOT)

Summary Sheet

CO Wise

CO	Q. No	Marks
CO1	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11	140
CO2	12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21	120
CO3	22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31	130
CO4	32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40	110
Total		500

Unit Wise

Unit	Q. No	Marks
Unit 1	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11	140
Unit 2	12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21	120
Unit 3	22,23,24,25,26,27,28,29,30,31	130
Unit 4	32,33,34,35,36,37,38,39,40	110
Total		500

Blooms Taxonomy Level (BTL) Wise

BTL	Q. No	Marks
LOT	2,6,12, 14,15,18,19,20,21,24,25,26,27,28,29,31,34,36,39,40	180
HOT	1,3,4,5,7,8,9,10,11,13,16,17,22,23,30,32,33,35,37,38,41,42	320
Total		500

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Disclaimer: -This is a Practice set. The Question in End term examination will differ from the Practice set. This Practice set is meant for practice only.